

TITLE	Telephone
TARGET GROUP	All new employees
DURATION	2 hours
VENUE	Training Room
GROUP SIZE	Flexible
TRAINED BY	Training Director, Training Officer

# **PURPOSE** 🔆

To develop the values of communication, excellence and performance by experiencing the importance of first impressions and practicing telephone etiquette. The successful implementation of the standards handled in this training session is an opportunity to outperform the competition.

# SELECTION CRITERIA \*\*

All new team members

# **OUTCOMES** \*\*

By the end of this session participants will be able to:

- 1. Answer the telephone using Company standards.
- 2. Explain why we answer the telephone this way.
- 3. Take a message according to Company standard.
- 4. Apply guidelines for handling difficult callers.

### RESOURCES \*\*

AV Equipment: Data	Workbook	Music: "Ring, Ring" by
projector, CD player,		ABBA; "Call Me" by
video/DVD, Laptop		Blondie
Notebooks	Table Toys	Message Pad
Pens	Give-aways, sweets, prizes	Flipcharts/Whiteboard
Markers (Mixed Colours)	Role Play Cards	

# BREAKS 🔆

10 min Stretch Break in middle.

## ROOM SET-UP 🔆

- U-shape
- Cabaret

#### **SESSION OVERVIEW**

Setting the scene Pre-session set up

Welcome & introduction

Icebreaker Objectives

Content Our Unique Culture

**Active Listening** 

Company Telephone Standards

Group Work Standard Greeting Why we are doing this

Break 10 min break

Content Role Play

Taking Messages Phonetic Alphabet

Etiquette

Difficult Callers Rude/Angry Callers Talkative Callers

Hard to Understand Callers

Re-cap

Ending the call Role Play

Wrap-up Wrap up

20 min prior to start	Pre-session set up	Pre-reading: Blog comment: The only venue that answered their phone (see attached) http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/NATO_phonetic_alphabet http://www.fullerton.edu/it/services/Telecomm/FAQ/etiquetteguide.asp http://www.salisbury.edu/careerservices/facstaff/OfficeEtiquette/ telephoneetiquette.html Music playing Flipcharts prepared AV equipment set up F/C 1 on wall (Objectives) Opening presentation slide on screen	Telephone - Feople Business 4"
3 min	Welcome & introduction	<ul> <li>₩ELCOME!! &amp; self introduction from trainer if necessary</li> <li>Please sign attendance list</li> <li>Q: – To stimulate interest in the topic</li> <li>WHAT we'll cover today – review Flip Chart (F/C) 1 which should have the agenda</li> <li>HOW we'll work – participation, lots of questions and activities, use your workbook, stretch &amp; smoke breaks, drink lots of water to stay focused, Evacuation – nearest exit, Note paper &amp; pens – take notes (but not the pens!) Focus on participation, good learning &amp; fun</li> <li>WHEN does the session finish &amp; have breaks</li> </ul>	TANNARCHIVE  **Amenda  # Afford Minimizery  # Governing  # Amenda  # Afford Minimizery  # Afford M
10 min	Icebreaker	** WHO is in the room with us today? Lets meet each other through a quick activity – Icebreaker - "What do you see" Trainer's note: Ask participants to briefly introduce themselves and say what they see on the picture (old lady or young lady). If a participant says they see both the old and young lady ask them to come to the front to show the rest of the group.	INNARCHIVE and the day you will be a second or the day you will be a second or the sec

Time	Topic	Learning Activity	Resources
		Even if you are now able to see both pictures your brain will always first see the picture you saw first since it was your first impression. It is the same with images others have of our hotel, our service, ourselves. The first impression always remains.	
		Q: How can we benefit from this knowledge? A:	
		<ul> <li>Understand what makes a good impression</li> <li>Getting into the habit of using these activities</li> <li>Service will be easier for all if the guest's first impression is positive (guest is more "forgiving")</li> <li>Compliments</li> <li>Guest loyalty</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>Easier contact and good impression in private life</li> <li>Better understanding and less errors</li> </ul>	
3 min	Objectives	Knowing that taking a telephone call is often the first point of contact with a guest, we will today speak about it in more detail.	ENNARCHIVE  **Operations  **Op
		By the end of this session you will be able to:	4 July juniores to randry offsat Junes
		<ul> <li>Answer the telephone using Company standard</li> <li>Explain the reason why we answer the phone this way</li> <li>Take a message according to Company standard</li> <li>Apply guidelines for handling difficult callers</li> </ul>	establish had he
10 min	Our Unique Culture	Here you see a model with which you are all familiar with: Our unique Company DNA together with our external brand promise. Our DNA comprehends the values that make us unique and differentiate us from other companies and you from others. These values influence the way that we behave naturally. This behaviour is in turn, what our guests see and how they experience Company (our brand). Let's find out what it means for us.	TINNARCRIVE  To Linque vision  Stand Change vision  Standard Change  Stand

Time	Topic	Learning Activity	Resources
10 min	Active listening	Q: How does our DNA influence the way we answer the telephone?  A:  People Oriented: really listen; respect peoples time (when they call you, don't ask them to call you back if you do not have time); care about people Straightforward: being honest; communicate clearly and straightforward to avoid misunderstandings Entrepreneurial Performance: take the initiative (do not just pass the call on, but think first)  Creating traditions: create an emotion or connection (e.g. Guests used to call the switchboard at the Furama Hotel Hong Kong because the staff was so friendly and it was nice to talk to them. One guest even called whenever she felt bad to get in a better mood.)  Passion for European Luxury: being polite; adhere to the etiquette  Let's talk about the first point, really listen, a little bit more.  Q: What is our main activity when we are on the telephone?  A:  Listening!  Q: Which types of listening exist?  A:	Resources    Interest   Interest

Time	Topic	Learning Activity	Resources
		No side activities Affirming Repeating and asking questions Do not interrupt Take notes No discrimination  Most of the above points are not possible when we are away from our place of work. Please avoid taking work related telephone calls on your mobile while you are walking through the hotel!  Surely you have certain friends you consider to be very good listeners and to whom you turn when you have problems or questions. Observe them the next time you meet and you will notice that they portray these behaviours. Some people possess this talent naturally, it is called empathy, and others need to actively practice applying these behaviours.	
5 min	Company telephone standards	Now that we have spoken about telephone behaviours, let's take a look at telephone standards.  Q: Which are the Company telephone standards? A:  Answer within 3 rings Standard greeting Use caller's name Inform before transferring* Ask permission before putting on hold Get back to caller on hold within 20 seconds	INNARCHIVE Or Trighton Statistics  8 Variations must be presented after large Whence to the courses group A contract of the course
		Trainer's note: Discuss why these are standards:	

\$\text{\$\t

Time Topic Learning Activity Resources	
--	--

5 min	Standard Greeting	Trainer's note: After 5 minutes compare and with the group agree on the "correct" standards:	INNARCHIVE tentral Contral  Strong St
		External Operator:  "Good morning/afternoon/evening, Company Hotel, how may I assist you?"  External Department:  "Good morning/afternoon/evening, Company Hotel, the reception, this is Nathalie, how may I assist you?"  Internal:	beneat.  Store of the store of
		"Good morning/afternoon/evening, the reception, this is Nathalie, how may I assist you?"	
10 min	Why we are doing this	Q: Why do we start with the greeting? A:  Polite Time of day (time differences) Brain needs a moment to go into "listening mode" Speaker phone Delay when calling long distance  Q: Why is the hotel/department name important	INNARGABLE  Who do you distin.  I have not stated.  I have not stated.  I have not stated.  I have not stated parent give in property of the p
		A:  To know where one is – which information should one share  Speed dial often leads to wrong number  Caller will know which department to ask for next time  Q: Why is your name important?	

Time	Topic	Learning Activity	Resources
		Polite	
		Contact person/reference	
		May indicate which languages caller can speak with you	
		Small talk/more personal	
		By the way, did you know that the probability of the guest saying their name is 80%	
		higher if you mention yours? This saves you the effort of asking.	
		Q: Why is it important that we use the standard greeting internally as well? A:	
		Polite	
		* Keep the habit	
		Guests are listening to us while we are on the telephone (This is why we should move	
		out of public areas when receiving calls on our (work) mobiles!	
		You never know who is on the other line!	
10 min	Stretch break	Excellent work – this deserves a stretch break! Please be sure to be back and ready to go in 10 minutes.	
		Trainer's note: Play some funky music!	Stretch Break
5 min	Role Play	Often a guest or a colleague is not available so we must take a message.	INNARCHIVE  Solve Flay
		Let's try this in a role play.	For shart Color?  Teamons Neutral  Consoly:  C
		The caller asks for a person. The person is in a meeting which is scheduled to end at 5pm.	The second second
		The caller wants to change a restaurant reservation from 15 to 13 guests and would like to	
		inquire about a future date for a meeting.	
		Trainer's note: Give a volunteer a message pad and play the caller (practice standard	
		greeting at same time). After the call, take the message pad and go through the call step	

Time Topic Learning Activity	Resources
------------------------------	-----------

		by step:	
5 min	Taking Messages	Trainer's notes: Other than the standards mentioned on the slide, develop following learning points:  Some names are common and could lead to confusion Asking what the call is in regards to allows the person who will call back to prepare for the call If you ask what the call is in regards to, often you can take care of the issue (change restaurant reservation) but be ensure to inform your colleague Repeating numbers digit by digit avoids confusion, especially in an international environment (language, international numbers) – you can invite someone to a flipchart and say your number in clusters which will lead to confusion, i.e. six hundred twenty four can be 624 or 600 20 4 etc. For difficult names you can help your colleague by additionally writing the name as spoken, i.e. Szybrijszcinsky = Shubrishinski Fidelio has a message printing option	ENNARCHIVE Lating Minneys
5 min	Phonetic Alphabet	If you use the phonetic alphabet please use the standard one and do not make words up Trainer's note: Go through the phonetic alphabet quickly and practice pronouncing the words.	
10 min	Etiquette	As we have talked already in our DNA it is not Company's philosophy to train robots or "script" guest-employee interactions. However, to make your life easier, let's look at some simple, polite and professional ways to implement the standards we discussed at the beginning of this session. Having a repertoire allows you to change your routine and is	TRNARCHIVE  We present the force page  When you are not been a for

Time	Topic	Learning Activity	Resources
		helpful in case of language restraints.	
		Trainer's note: Practice the standard phrases and agree on additional possibilities, always using positive, professional language. Creating/agreeing on standards together increases the commitment to actually implement them.	
5 min	Difficult Callers	No matter how professional, polite and friendly we are on the phone, we may always encounter difficult callers. Dealing with them is more challenging on the telephone as we do not have body language to support our words and address the sub-conscious. Our words, tone of voice and of course our actions/solutions become more important!	Difficult Callers
5 min	The rude of angry caller	Angry or rude callers are usually upset because they want to complain about something.  Q: What should we think of when handling complaints?  A:  - Listen with empathy - Offer solutions to the "real" problem - You own the problem - Ask whether guest is happy - Let the guest know you appreciate their feed-back  These steps stay the same on the telephone.  Trainer's note: Go through the Do's and Don'ts quickly.	Ten carbon region participants part high  (a) (pass planters part high  (b) (pass planters part high  (c) (pass pa
5 min	The talkative caller	By using appropriate communication tactics you can stay in control of the conversation. These tactics will also help you guide face to face conversations.  Trainer's note: Go through the Do's and Don'ts quickly.	INNARCHIVE  The software called  Do:  3 that for goal entered,  - may a shall  - may a shall  - may be shall

Time	Topic	Learning Activity	Resources

5 min	The hard to understand caller	Q: Why are callers sometimes hard to understand? A:  Language barriers Accents Bad telephone line Background noise etc.  Trainer's note: Go through the Do's and Don'ts quickly.	The fact to confinement of the fact to good risp. See a Springer See and See a
5 min	Re - cap	Let's re-cap what we have practiced so far:  Active listening is more than just hearing what the other says There are standards regarding telephone communication There is reasoning behind our telephone greeting Taking messages properly can help avoid mistakes and misunderstanding and are an opportunity to provide great service There is a standard phonetic alphabet professionals use There are methods for dealing with difficult callers  Wow, there is more to picking up a telephone "than meets the ear"! What a pity it would be if you put in all this effort and damage the great impression you have made by ending the call unprofessionally.	TINNARCHIVE  A divide forming is imprinted  A divide forming in imprinted  A fill imprinted interesting parting  A fill imprinted partined fill and it is printed partined  A fill imprinted partined fill and it is printed partined  A fill imprinted partined fill and it is printed partined  A fill imprinted partined fill and it is printed partined  A fill imprinted partined fill and it is printed partined part
5 min	Ending the call	In order to avoid this, let's look at three simple tips.  Trainer's note: Go through the points.	TINNARCHIVE  Tolog the col   4 there appears the last break to  1 there appears to the last break to  2 there appears to the last break to  2 there appears to the last break to  3 there appears to the last break to  4 there appears to the last break to  5 there appears to the last break to  6 ther

Topic	Learning Activity	Resources
Role play	Trainer's note: Split the group into teams of 3 and let them pick 3 role plays which you have prepared on (coloured) cards. Every person should once play the caller, the employee and the coach who listens and gives feed-back.	INNARCHIVE  Lote Play  When a street of the lot of the
	You can also pick volunteers, brief them on using the cards and ask them to role play in front of the group. The group the gives feed-back. Role-play several situations.	
	When doing telephone role play it is helpful if the caller and the employee do not see each other. They can turn their chairs and sit back to back; a pin board or whiteboard can be used as a separator or one of the players can use a telephone in another room and the group listens to the conversation via speaker phone.	
Wrap up	Participants complete the Training Evaluation Form and Action Plan.  "Thank-you and good luck!"	thanklyr
	Role play	Role play  Trainer's note: Split the group into teams of 3 and let them pick 3 role plays which you have prepared on (coloured) cards. Every person should once play the caller, the employee and the coach who listens and gives feed-back.  You can also pick volunteers, brief them on using the cards and ask them to role play in front of the group. The group the gives feed-back. Role-play several situations.  When doing telephone role play it is helpful if the caller and the employee do not see each other. They can turn their chairs and sit back to back; a pin board or whiteboard can be used as a separator or one of the players can use a telephone in another room and the group listens to the conversation via speaker phone.